



**Research Article** 

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# Insect visitors on Ridged gourd as Recorded from an Agro-Ecosystem Near Bikaner, Rajasthan



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#### Abstract

During the present study, a survey on insect visitors to flowers of ridged gourd Luffa acutangular was carried out in an agro-ecosystem near Bikaner, Rajasthan. In all, 66 insects belonging to 7 orders and 33 families were collected from the crop, of which based on density 6 were dominant, 36 frequent and 24 were rare forms. The maximum density as well as diversity was found in the month of May, while minimum in the month of February.

Keywords: Insect floral visitors; Ridged gourd; Agro-ecosystem; Density; Diversity

## Introduction

Amongst pollinators, key role is played by the insects. The interrelationship between plants and insects has influenced flower shape and three biochemical factors in plants viz., scent, flower color, and the nutritional value of nectar. The average yield of crops in India is much below optimum; one of the major reasons for this is inadequate pollination, as has been suggested by [1]. According to [2] about one third of the total human diet comes from bee pollinated crops. A decline in pollinators can cause a decline in crop yields of various plants. It is, therefore, essential to survey and collect insect species on various crop plants during their flowering periods, identify and conserve them, and explore their potentiality as crop pollinators. Ideally, pollination investigations are necessary in each general locality where crop is grown and the present study was therefore planned to observe and document different kinds of insects visiting ridged gourd in an agro-ecosystem near Bikaner, Rajasthan and monitor insect diversity and density associated with this crop.

## **Materials and Methods**

The agro-ecosystem Vallabh Garden Agriculture Farm, area under study, lies 10 km away from Bikaner, at Gharsisar village. It is a crop field where seasonal crops are grown. It is irrigated by sewage water. One of the major crops cultivated in the agroecosystem is ridged gourd. The flowers are solitary, yellow in color, scentless and although both male and female flowers are present on the same plant, cross pollination takes place. The

documentation of insect visitors was carried out in the agroecosystem from January to August. For the study, the field area was divided into five stations from where the insect visitors on flowers were collected. Sweep net was used for insect collection. The insect visitors were surveyed and collected every week. The insects were collected, and visits were monitored during forenoon (7 a.m. to 12 noon) and afternoon (12 noon to 5 p.m.). Visit of a particular insect species to a flower was documented and expressed as number of visits/man/h. The insects collected were transferred to killing bottles, killed, and preserved. Large winged insects were put to dry preservation by pinning them in insect boxes, while smaller insects were preserved in 70% alcohol. A count of insects collected was made so as to adjudge the population density and dynamics of specific insects on different crops.

The fauna was sorted out group wise and identifications were made following pertinent literature. Help from the Section of Entomology, Department of Agriculture, Bikaner and Desert Regional Station of the Zoological Survey of India, Jodhpur was also taken for identification and for confirmation. Besides, the reference collection in the Department of Zoology, Dungar College was also consulted.

## **Results and Discussion**

Ridged gourd (*Luffa acutangula*) was one of the major crops grown in the agro-ecosystem studied belonging to family *Cucrubitaceae*, commonly known as "Toru". The entomo-fauna

collected from this crop has been presented in (Table 1). In all, 66 insects belonging to 7 orders and 33 families were collected from the crop, of which based on density 6 were dominant, 3 frequent and 5 were rare forms. The maximum density as well as diversity was found in the month of May, while minimum in the month of February. Except for Hymenia sp. all other lepidopterans were frequently observed which included E. hecabe, A. aorta, C. pomona, C. vestalis, C. fieldii, H. recurvalis, Tephrina sp., U. pulchella, H. peltigera, S. exigua and A. ipsilon. None were documented as dominant species. of the ten coleopteran species observed, eight species were observed as frequent (A. bengalensis, O. catta, O. bonasus, P. nasutus, A. ferruginea, M. sexmaculatus, Cicindella sp. and C. pictus) and two species (unidentified species A and B) as rare forms. Eighteen hymenopteran species were found on this crop of which X. fenestrata, A. cerana and A. mellifera were dominant, fifteen (Enicospilus sp., Campsomeris sp., Scoliasoror sp.,

D. affinis, Formica sp., Pepsis sp., P. carolina, Prionyx sp., Halictus sp., X. violacea, A. dorsata, A. florea, unidentified species A, B and C) were frequent forms. None of the hemipteran documented were dominant, six (D. cingulatus, Clavigrella sp., N. viridula, A. janus, Oncocephalus sp. and unidentified species B) were frequent and only one species (D. koenigii) was a rare form. No orthopteran was observed as dominant or frequent species. All the nine species viz., species which included G. assimilis, Chrotogonus sp., S. gregaria, Ochrilidia sp., O. chinensis, Pyrgomorpha sp., Atractomorpha sp., Acrida sp. and unidentified species A were rarely observed. The two rarely visiting odonates were A. femina and B. geminata. Eight dipteran species were reckoned on this crop of which, three (C. quinquefasciatus, S. peregrina, M. domestica) were dominant, D. cucurbitae was frequently noted while, four (Stichopogon sp., syrphid fly, C. megacephala, C. rufifacies and) were rare forms.

Table 1: Entomo-faunal diversity and density (number/trap\*) on ridged gourd as documented from the agro-ecosystem during the period of study.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Status
Order: <i>Lepidoptera</i>																		
Family: Pieridae																		
Eurema hecabe Li nn.	1	1	1	1	7	10	11	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	5	F
Anaphaeis aurota Fab.	-	-	-	-	12	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	F
Catopsila pomona Cramer	-	-	-	-	6	11	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	F
Colotis vestalis Butler	-	-	-	-	5	6	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	F
Colias fieldii Men- etries	-	-	-	-	5	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	F
Family:Crambidae																		
Hymenia recurvalis Fab.	-	-	-	1	4	9	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	F
Hymenia sp.	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Family:Geometridae																		
Tephrina sp.	-	-	-	-	4	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	F
Family:Arctidae																		
Utethesia pulchella Linn.	-	-	-	-	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	F
Family:Noctuidae																		
Heliothis peltigera Schiff	-	-	-	1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	F
Spodoptera exigua Hubner	-	-	-	2	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	F
Agrotis ipsilon Hufnagel	-	-	-	-	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	F
Order:Coleoptera																		
Family:Cicindelidae																		
Cicindella sp.	-	-	-	-	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	F
Family:Carabidae																		
Unidentified sp. A	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R

Family:Scarabaei-																		
dae Anomala bengalen-	_	_	_	_	_													_
sis Blanch.	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	F
Onthophagus catta Fab.	2	2	1	2	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	F
Onthophagus bona- sus Fab.	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	F
Peltonotus nasutus Arrow	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	F
Apogonia ferru- ginea Fab.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	4	F
Unidentified sp. B	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Family:Coccinel- lidae																		
Menochilus sexmac- ulatus Fab.	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	F
Family:Meloidae																		
Cylindrothorax pictus Fab.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	3	-	4	F
Order:Hymenoptera																		
Family:Ichneumoni- dae																		
Enicospilus sp.	-	-	-	-	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	F
Family:Scoliidae																		
Campsomeris sp.	-	-	-	1	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	F
Scoliasoror sp.	-	-	-	-	4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	F
Family:Formicidae																		
Dolichoderus affinis Emery	-	-	-	-	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	F
Formica sp.	-	-	-	-	4	3	1	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	2	F
Family:Pompilidae																		
Pepsis sp.	-	-	-	-	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	F
Family:Vespidae																		
Polistes carolina	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	F
Family:Sphecidae																		
Prionyx sp.	-	-	-	-	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	F
Family:Halictidae																		
Halictus sp.	-	-	-	-	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	F
Family:Apidae																		
Xylocopa fenestrata Fab.	-	-	-	22	25	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	16	D
Xylocopa violacea Linn.	-	-	-	-	9	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	F
Apis cerana Fab.	-	-	-	12	15	16	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	D
Apis mellifera Linn.	-	-	-	12	18	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	14	D
Apis dorsata Fab.	-	-	-	-	8	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	F
Apis florea Fab.	-	-	-	-	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	F

		I	I		Ι													
Unidentified sp. A	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	F
Unidentified sp. B	-	-	-	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	F
Unidentified sp. C	-	-	-	-	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	F
Order:Hemiptera																		
Family:Pyrrhoco- ridae																		
Dysdercus cingula- tus Fab.	-	-	3	2	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	F
Dysdercus koenigii Fab.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	-	2	R
Family:Coreidae																		
Clavigrella sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	-	-	R
Family:Pentato- midae																		
Nezara viridula Linn.	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Aspongopus janus Fab.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Oncocephalus sp.	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Unidentified sp. B	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Order:Orthoptera																		
Family:Gryllidae																		
Gryllus assimilis Fab.	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	2	R
Family:Acrididae																		
Chrotogonus sp.	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Schistocerca gre- garia Forskal	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Ochrilidia sp.	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	R
Oxya chinensis Thunberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	R
Acrida sp. Linn.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	R
Family:Pyrgomor- phidae																		
Pyrgomorpha sp.	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Atractomorpha sp.	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Unidentified sp. A	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	R
Order:Odonata																		
Family:Coenagri- onidae																		
Agriocnemis femina Brauer	1	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R
Family:Libellulidae																		
Bardinopyga gemi- nata Ramer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	R
Order:Diptera																		
Family:Culicidae																		
Culex quinquefas- ciatus Say	13	12	14	13	12	13	14	13	-	-	-	-	16	14	15	13	12	D
Family:Asilidae																		

			1				1	1					1					ì
Stichopogon sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	R
Family:Syrphidae																		
Syrphid fly	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	R
Family:Callipho- ridae																		
Chrysomya megacephala Fab.	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	R
Chrysomya rufifa- cies Mucuqurt	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	R
Family: Tephritidae																		
Dacus cucurbitae	10	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	1	-	-	F
Family:Sarcophagi- dae																		
Sarcophaga pere- grina	-	7	6	5	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	3	1	2	4	-	D
Family:Muscidae																		
Musca domestica Fab.	5	7	3	2	4	8	11	12	2	1	1	-	3	8	15	7	5	D

Earlier [3-10] have carried out work in relation to insect visitors to various crops and also different insect groups visiting specific crops and corroborate the present findings. [11] reported bees to pollinate Luffa. Pests attacking Luffa cylindrica (sponge gourd) as suggested by [12] include Aulacophora intermedia and Raphidopalpa fovicollis. Pests attacking Luffa actungula include Riptortus pedestris, Taeniothrips claratris, Hymenia recurvalis, Dacus cucurbitae, Aulacophora intermedia and Raphidopa as reported by[12]. The present findings are in conformation with the studies done by [13] who also noticed hymenopterans on the flowers of Luffa cylindrica. [14] also recorded members belonging to family Braconidae on cucurbit plant Luffa cylindrica. The members of Formicidae on Luffa were documented by [15,16] reported hymenopterans like bumble bee Bombus, golden wasp Vespa magnifica and oriental wasp Vespa orientalis as pollinators of sponge gourd. Earlier [17] also observed Apis dorsata and A. florea as pollinators of another gourd Momordica charantia which corroborate the present findings.

Butterflies were also noted as pollinators of a gourd by [17,16] reported lemon butterfly (*Papilio machon*), yellow butterfly (*Therias sp.*), cabbage butterfly (*Pieris brassicae*) and castor butterfly (*Ergolis merione*) as pollinators of sponge gourd which corroborate the present findings. Earlier [18] noted the hawk moth as pollinator of Luffa acutangula. The present study also gets support from the reports of [19] who also recorded fruit fly on the flowers of ridged gourd. Earlier Musca domestica was noted as a pollinator of a cucurbit crop Momordica charantia by [20,16] also reported fruit fly *Bactrocera sp.* and Tabanid fly Tabanus sp. as pollinators of sponge gourd. On the contrary, an oligophagous pentatomid bug Coridius obscurus was noted as an egg parasitoid on Luffa cylindrica by [21]. The findings suggest

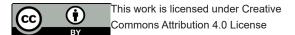
that the insect population is affected by abiotic factors and their role in the ecosystem is of great significance....may it be as a pest, predator or pollinator, and therefore such surveys must be carried out regularly for documenting insect population fluctuations in relation to diversity as well as density.

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